Num. 3995

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Tuesday, May 20, 1746.

From Wye's Letter, London, May 15.

YEsterday the Lords read a second Time, and committed the Sail-cloth Bill, likewise that for regulating Elections of Members to serve in Parliament for such Places as are Counties of themselves, and likewise that for calling any suspected Persons, whose Estates or principal Residence are in Scotland.—— Their Lordships also read a second Time the Bill of Attainder, and sat till near Nine o'Clock in examining Witnesses against the Persons included in the said Bill of Attainder, and ordered to proceed further on Thursday.

The Commons in a Committee took into Consideration his Majesty's Message, and came to the following Resolution, That it is the Opinion of the Committee, that an additional Revenue of 25000 l. per Annum be settled on the Duke of Cumberland, and the Heirs of his Body; for the signal Services done by him to his Country, to be issuing and payable of the Duties composing the aggregate Fund.—— Put off Ways and Means and the Supply to Monday 7 Night.

To Day the Lords, after finishing their Examinations relating to the Bill of Attainder, committed it a to Committee, who went through, and reported it without Ammendments.

From the *National Journal*, or *Country Gazette*.

LONDON, *May 15.*

Private Letters from the Hague assure us, that the Marquis de St. Gilles, the Spanish Minister there, has communicated to the States an Account he has had of a considerable Advantage gained by Count Gages over the Austrian General Nadasti, which says, that the latter having sent out a large Detachment who pursued too precipitately, and thereby drawn themselves at too great Distance from the main Body, the former sent a Detachment under Don Francisco Pignatelli who attacked and gave them an entire Defeat. The Spaniards say, that in this Action the Enemy lost between 3 and 4000 Men, and that they obtained this Victory with the loss of 400 Men only. This Account may probably be a little exaggerated, but cannot well be entirely false; and if there be any Truth in it, we have Reason to apprehend a very unlucky Turn to the common Cause in Italy, especialy if the Neutrality of the Dutch should be confirmed, and the King of Sardinia forced to follow their Example.

Letters by last Mail from some of our Officers abroad, to some of those at home, say, that the French Army, without stopping at Antwerp, are in full March after the Allied Army under Marshal Bathiani; and that Marshal Saxe has declared, that if the States General suffer the Austrian and British Troops to enter their Territoris, he will follow them, if it were quite through Holland. As it does not appear, after this Declaration, that Marshal Bathiani has any Place of Safety to retire to, or that he can possibly pass the Maes, whilst the French Army are so close at his Heels, those who wish well to the common Cause, are in the utmost Pain for him and his whole Army.

From the London Evening Post, May 15.

Inspruch, May 9. A Courier that has passed through this City in his Way to Vienna, has left Letters dated the 5th Instant, containing the following Advices:

The Veldt Marshal Prince of Lichtenstein having assembled the Imperial Army on the Right Side of the Taro opposite to the Spaniards, his Highness laid several Bridges across the River, and this Day effected the Passage with as much Success as could be wish'd, the whole Army being got clear over, in the Afternoon, without the Loss of a Man. Count Gage made no Motion to oppose this Passage, but withdrew all the Posts he had on the Rivulet of Reggio, and on the Parola and the Strono. We hear that his Troops have already passed the Larda at Fiorenzuola, In all Appearance they will proceed without halting to the Trebbia, and take Post behind this River. As soon as the Imperial Army had got over the Taro, the Prince of Lichtenstein detach'd a Body of Horse with a few hundred Waradins and other irregular Troops, in order to harrass the Rear Guard of the Spaniards. Some Prisoners have been picked up, by whom we learn that the Infant Don Philip did resolve to quit the Banks of the Taro, at the earnest Solicitation of Marshal Maillebois, who dispatched several Couriers to his Royal Highness, to make him sensible that it was absolutely necessary the two Armies should join, or at least be at Hand to sust in each other.

Extract of a Letter from Bourdeaux, May 10.

Capt. Andrew Gray arrived here from Greenock, reports, that he met on the 23d past 13 Sail of English Men of War between Scilly and Ushant, crowding West; which greatly alarms us here, on account of the Brest and Rochelle Fleets, which parted on the 29th past.

Hague, May 17. Tho' there is now but little Hopes of the Maritime Powers obtaining the Saxon Troops they were negotiating for, a categorical Answer will however be demanded upon that Subject at the Court of Dresden; neither will they be able to get the Munsterians this Campaign into their Pay. The Negotiations are again begun with the Court of Bavaria, and with some Hopes of Success. And 'tis positively said, that the Allied Army will be reinforced with 20,000 more Austrians; but before this can be brought about, the Campaign will be in a great measure finished.

Extract of a Letter from Rotterdam, May 20.

Things on this Side the Water do not go well at all.

The French have taken Poſſeſſion of Antwerp; and it is this Day ſtrongly reported, the Dutch have ſign'd a Neutrality, and had actually withdrawn their Troops from the Allies. A little Time will ſhew what we are to truſt to. All the old Dutch Spirit ſeems to be loſt; preſent Gain is preferred to All.

LONDON, *May* 15.

By Letters from St. Kitts we have Advice, that Admiral Townſhend with the Fleet under his Command, were to ſail from that Iſland on the 5th of laſt Month, for Cape Breton. The ſame Letters add, that the Fleet for England were preparing to ſail, under the Convoy of a Man of War of eighty Guns, and ſome others.

They write from Stockholm, that his Swediſh Majeſty has given Orders for equipping with the utmoſt Diligence a conſiderable Squadron at Carleſcroon, which is the more ſingular, conſidering the preſent pacifick Situation of Affairs in the North; and therefore it is judged, that this Squadron has ſome Relation to that important Project which is to be propoſed to the enſuing Dyet.

We have an odd Piece of Advice from Port l'Orient, dated the 3d of May, which ſays, That there has been no ſuch thing as a Fire in the India Company's Warehouſes there, as has been ſo confidently reported and believed, for a Month paſt. But that there has been a Fire at ſome little Diſtance, in a peculiar Magazine; but that the ſame was ſoon ſuppreſſed, without doing much Damage. They complain heavily that the Dutch and Engliſh are always telling Lies about them; that they have ſuffered enough in their India Trade; and therefore wonder what can induce us to propagate ſuch idle Reports.

Letters from Bruſſels ſay, that when the French King paſſed by Arras, the Pretender's ſecond Son, who goes by the Name of the Count of Albany, paid his Compliments to his Majeſty, and deſired Permiſſion to make the Campaign in his Army; but what Anſwer he received, is not poſitively known.

According to Advices from Breda, which are ſaid to be founded upon good Authority, the Allied Army amounts to near 50,000 Men; which is not however, above half the French, before whom it is therefore no Wonder it has retreated.

Extract of a Letter from Dover, May 13.

By the Courier Packet-boat arrived here late laſt Night from Fluſhing, we have Letters which inform us, That the Allied Army is retired towards Breda, and that the Gates of Antwerp are open to the Enemy, but that the Citadel is provided with all Neceſſaries for a vigorous Defence.

We are aſſured, that his Majeſty has pleaſed to order ſuch of the Rebel private Men, as his R. Highneſs ſhall think proper Objects of his Majeſty's Clemency, to be tranſported to ſome of his Majeſty's American Colonies.

His Royal Higneſs the Duke of Cumberland, and the Prince of Heſſe are expected in Town the latter End of next Week.

Some Regiments of Foot, and one of Dragoons, are expected in Town about the ſame time; the Clans having determined to keep their Men out to ſcour the Country of the Fugitives.

A great Number of Names now appear in the Liſt of the Chief Rebels, that were not heard of during the Progreſs of the Rebellion; and we are aſſured, that above forty beſides thoſe that are already taken, or have ſurrendered, will loſe their Eſtates at leaſt on this Occaſion.

Yeſterday the Houſe of Lords examined a Number of Witneſſes againſt the Perſons that are to be included in the Bill of Attainder.

Yeſterday it was was reported, that an Expreſs had arrived from Dublin, which brought an Account, that a Meſſenger had come to that City from the North of that Kingdom, with Advice that the Breſt Squadron were ſeen ſteering their Courſe between the North of that Iſland, and the South and South-Weſt Parts of the Kingdom of Scotland

Yeſterday an Expreſs arrived at the Duke of Newcaſtle's Office, Whitehall, with Advice that the Scarborough Man of War, and a Privateer of 20 Guns had taken a Spaniſh Galleon, worth a Million and a Half Sterling, and carried her into Cape Breton.

By Letters from Plymouth, dated the 7th Inſtant, we have Advice that the Maidſtone Man of War, one of Admiral Martin's Squadron, was returned to that Place, and brought a French Privateer in with her: And alſo an Account that the Breſt Squadron was put to Sea.

And on Saturday Night an Exprhſs arrived from Plymouth, dated the 9th inſtant, with Advice that a Cutter was come in there, who had ſeen ſix French Men of War cruizing off the Lizard.— As Admiral Martin's Squadron is to the Southward, we hope ſoon to have a good Account of them.

The laſt Advices from Stockholm ſay, That the Prince Royal of Sweden is extremely perplexed by the warm Demands of the Court of Petersbourg for an immediate and exact Account of the Revenues of the Dutchy of Holſtein ſince the Demiſe of the late Duke, at which Time the Prince entred on the Adminiſtration of that Dutchy; and 'tis believed this will be found the true Reaſon why the Treaty was ſuſpended with Pruſſia.

According to ſeveral private Advices from different Parts of Italy, the Count de Caſtellaer has found Means to withdraw beſt Part of his Corps through the Mountains into the Grand Dutchy of Tuſcany, where he lives at Diſcretion. Prince Lichtenſtein having paſſed the Taro, in order to attack the Spaniards, Count de Gages has been obliged to ſave his Forces by a timely, though precipitate Retreat.

By the lateſt Advices from Vienna, they ſeem to be under ſome Concern about the extraordinary Motions of the Pruſſians in Sileſia, and at the News they have received, that thoſe Forces are to form ſpeedily two ſtrong Camps, one in the Neighbourhood of Ratibor, and the other in the County of Glatz, the Meaning of which being demanded of the Pruſſian Secretary at the Imperial Court, he declined giving an Anſwer.

By the Diſpoſitions of the *French*, particularly their marching an Army down the *Maeſe*, at the ſame time that the *Allies retreat* before them in *Brabant*, there is reaſon to fear that the *Junction* of the *Auſtrian* and *Hanoverian Reinforcements* with Count *Bathiani* will not be ſo *eaſily effected* as was lately imagined.

As *Party Prejudices* againſt every Man ought to ceaſe with his *Life*, it is but equitable to ſay of the late *Duke*

Ormond, (whoſe Corpſe is juſt now, purſuant to his n Deſire, arrived from *France*) that tho' he lived in ile for his unhappy *perſonal Attachment*, he continued the End of his Life a *zealous Proteſtant* and a *hearty gliſhman*: An Inſtance of the *latter* was ſeen after the al Battle of *Fontenoy*, when he appeared to thoſe about m *more dejected* for the *Defeat of the Britiſh Troops* than had ever done for his *own Misfortune*. An officious *nchman* coming joyfully to tell him that the *King's oops* had won a Victory, and beat the *Allies*, his Grace, th a contemptuous Frown, anſwer'd, *Sir, I am not yet ain your News is true; but ſhould it prove ſo, I am ſure* COUNTRYMEN *behav'd well, and made* YOUR'S *pay ly for t e Honour they have gain'd.*

The Eagle Privateer has taken the Johannes, Heſter, m Bourdeaux to Oſtend, and carried her into Dover.

A Veſſel called the Neptune, Teve, was taken the 9th off Lyons by two French Privateers.

The Coronation, Strong, from Waterford for New-ndland, was taken by the French the 19th ult. and ied into Morlaix.

The Induſtry, Smith, from Colcheſter to Dublin, is n by the French.

The Diamond, Dorrick, from Boſton to Jamaica, is

Newcaſtle, *May* 10. The Infantry of the Duke's Army Culloden, as preſented to his Royal Highneſs, conſiſt of 29 Field Officers, 84 Captains, 222 Subalterns, Serjeants, 225 Drummers, and 5521 Men. The rſe, Loudon's, and Argyleſhire-men, were reckon'd o Men. The whole Army 8811

On Monday laſt the French Priſoners brought here on day ſe'n-night ſet out for Carliſle, eſcorted by a Party Soldiers.

Bank Stock 122 1 half. India Stock no Price. South Stock 95 3 qrs.

EDINBURGH, *May* 20.

Extract of a Letter from London, May 14.

A Meſſage was ſent from the Houſe of Lords to the mmons, deſiring that they would impart to their Lord-s the Names of ſuch Perſons as appeared and were mined before the Houſe of Commons in relation to Bill, for attainting the Perſons mentioned therein, if ſhall not render themſelves on or before the 12th of ; which Meſſage was complied with, and the Lords e acquainted that the Witneſſes Names were, rles Campbell, John Hickſon, John Vere, William ty, John Gray, James Berkeley, Hugh Douglas, hes Logie, Angus Mackinnon, George Hay, Patrick die and John Read.

We have no material Accounts from the North this ſt.

Two or three Rebels, lurking in and about this City, e been taken up and ſent to Priſon.

roceedings of the Venerable Aſſembly, Monday May 19.

pproved the Draught of the Addreſs to his Majeſty he Victory at Culloden.—— Agreed to congratulate Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland in a proper ner upon this Occaſion.——His Grace the Commiſ-r gave in the Warrant for 1000 l. Sterling of the al Bounty, for the Reformation of the Highlands and Iſlands.——Heard an Appeal by the Moſt Hon. the Marquis of Annandale, and other Heritors of the Pariſh of Moffat, and Mr. Edward Johnſton Probationer, and Candidate for that Settlement, from ſeveral Sentences of the Synod and Presbytery of Drumfries, upon the Relevancy of a Libel given in againſt Mr. Johnſton for Immoralities, by ſome Perſons of that Pariſh. The Aſſembly found ſeveral Articles relevant to infer Cenſure, if proven, and diſmiſſed others: And it being propoſed for the more ſpeedy bringing this Proceſs to a ſpeedy Determination, to impower the Commiſſion to determine in any Reference or Appeal to them thereanent, the Aſſemoly appointed that ſuch Appeals be brought in the uſual Channel, to the Synod and next Aſſembly.

From the GLASGOW JOURNAL, May 19.

The following is a Copy of a Letter ſent to Invereray from the Borders of Moidart, &c.

Old Rock (a fictitious Name) 10 *May, at Night.*

I am here this Morning, and I am well aſſured that the young Chevalier, with the Duke of Perth, Lord John his Brother, Lord Elcho, Sheridan, O Sullivan, with moſt of the Gentlemen concerned, made their Eſcape Sunday laſt aboard of the French Ships from Lochaynart in Araſaig.——Secretary Murray remains at Araſaig, having the Charge of the Caſh and Stores landed. It is ſaid there was a conſiderable Sum brought, and a good Quantity of Arms, Powder, Ball, &c. In the time of the Action, the Country People, and Bariſdales Men (Macdonalds) carried away 240 of 280 Casks of Brandy that were upon the Shore, and about 800 l. in Caſh; others run away with one of the Ships long Boats laden with Brandy and ſome Caſh, and landed them, as I am told, in the Iſle of Rum. One of the French Ships had 40 Men killed, and the other 8, among whom was one Major Hales of the Picquets, and ſeveral wounded; our Ships had only 4 killed, and 10 wounded, but have no Chance to ſee the French again.——It is thought the Clans will aſſemble once more next Week at Strontien, and keep themſelves in a moving Body, to harraſs and fatigue the Troops, till they get Terms. They aſſure the People, that the 2 Ships that arrived parted at Sea with 15 more full of Men, Money, Arms, &c. and the young Pretender promiſes to be ſoon with them with powerful Succours.

We have had a Report current here for ſome Days, that a very ſmart and bloody Skirmiſh happened on Saturday the 10th inſt. in Lochaber, betwixt the Argyleſhire Militia, with ſome of the regular Troops, and a Party of the Rebels. Though this Report comes from different Quarters, it meets with little Credit.

By ſome Accounts from Fort-William, we hear, that when one of the French Ships above-mentioned was unloading, the other caſt Anchor at the Entry of the Loch, with a Spring on her Cable, and defended that Paſſage againſt the Grayhound, Terror and Furnace Sloops, and then went and unloaded, the other taking her Place. They ſpeak of it as uncertain, whether the Heads of the Clans are gone off in theſe two Ships.

By Letters from Inverneſs we are told, That on the eighth or ninth inſt. the Earl of Loudon was to ſet out for Fort-William by Fort-Auguſtus, with 2000 Highlanders and regular Troops, and that the Ladies Ogilvy and Macintoſh were to be carried Priſoners to London.

Leith, May 19. Arrived the James of Leith, Crawford, from Rotterdam and Chriſtianſands with Oranges, Limons, Flax, Iron, Aſhes, &c. and this Forenoon came in the Goodwill of and from Hull, Bell, with Peas and Beans; the George of and from Lynn, Bilborough, and the Jean of and from ditto, with Peas, Barley, Flour and Wheat. The Charming Peggy of Borrowſtounneſs, Tod, one of the Tranſports in Ballaſt from Inverneſs. The Eltham Man of War is juſt now under Sail to bring up the Rebel Priſoners lying there.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

An ASSEMBLY,

To be held on Friday the 23d inſtant,

IN THE

NEW ASSEMBLY-HALL,

Behind the Main-Guard,

Upon a new Scheme of applying the Profits to the ROYAL INFIRMARY and the CHARITY WORK-HOUSE, without excluding private Charities.

Tickets to be had at the Shops of { Hugh Clerk Merchant in the Parliament cloſe. / James Stirling Merchant in the Lucken-booths. / Hamilton and Balfour Bookſellers.

†§† That Mr. *LOCKHART* of *CARNWATH* is reſolved to preſerve the GAME on his Muirs of *Tarbrax* and *Dunſire:* Therefore if any Body ſhall be found hunting thereon with Dogs, Guns or Nets, without a particular Warrant from himſelf, they'll be proſecuted according to Law.

¶§¶ That upon Tueſday the 27th inſtant, at 10 o'clock Forenoon, at the Houſe and Farm of Wardie, near Newhaven, are to be ſold by Roup ſeveral HORSES and OXEN, with all Kinds of Labouring Inſtruments. *Item,* Several Kinds of HOUSHOLD-FURNITURE, Glaſs Bottles, Lime and Lime-ſtone, and a great Quantity of fine Dung. *Item,* Upwards of twenty Acres Rye and Clover Graſs. *Item,* There will be SETT, to be entred to immediately, and poſſeſt till Martinmas next, the Houſe and Office-houſes of Wardie, with as much Graſs as maintain a Cow during the Summer Seaſon. The Particulars to be ſeen at Wardie, and Inventaries and Conditions of Roup in the Hands of George Aitken Writer Edinburgh.

¶†¶ That upon the 3d Day of May current there w ſeized, at the Town of Meigle, in the Hands of a Per ſuſpected to have ſtoln them, three Pieces of SILV PLATE, one of them ſeeming to be the middle Pa a Sugar-box or Caſter, and the other two Parts of a c ous Candleſtick gilded, weighing altogether about Ounces Engliſh. If the Proprietor of theſe Pieces of P will call at the Laigh Coffee houſe in Edinburgh, o James Laird in Meigle, they will be delivered up, u paying Charges.

To be SOLD at Corſtorphin, upon Thurſday next the current, at 10 *o'Clock before Noon, by publick Ro within the Houſe lately poſſeſt by the deceaſt Sir Wil Dick of Preſtonfield,*

Variety of neat and faſhionable FURNITURE, v Beds, Feather-beds, Blankets, Mahogony Tables, Cha Mirrors, Silver Plate, Table and Tea China, Bed a Table Linnen, Drawers, Chimneys, and all Sorts of K chen-Furniture, moſtly new and of the beſt Kinds. alſo, a Collection of Books, Pictures, Prints, and Curioſit The Roup is to continue till all is ſold off.

The ſaid Houſe, Office-houſes and Garden thereto b longing are likewiſe to be SETT by the Lady Cuningha For Particulars enquire at John Watſon Writer to t Signet.

To be SOLD by Roup at the Manſe of Colington, w Thurſday next the 22d of May, at 9 *in the Morning, the higheſt Offerer,*

All Kind of HOUSHOLD-FURNITURE, conſiſting Bed and Table Linnen, Brewing Looms, Milk Veſſels, ☞ Any Perſon who borrowed Books from the dec Mr. George Gibſon late Miniſter at Colington, are deſi to return the ſame to his Relict, or to Mr. Dawſon Pro ſor of Hebrew in the College of Edinburgh.

By the Truſtees for the Creditors of MERCHISTON, BL and LETHEM,

The TRUSTEES, at the earneſt Deſire of the Cr DITORS, being determined to make a final Dividend Lammas next, of all the Truſt-Eſtate: They hereby vertiſe the Debitors to, and Purchaſers of the ſaid Tr Eſtate, by the 9th Day of June next, to pay up what t owe, to the End that the proper Schemes of Diviſion in due Time be made out; hereby certifying all who be deficient in Payment at the Day appointed, that t ſhall be proceeded againſt by the utmoſt Diligence, the Satisfaction of the Creditors, who are poſitive to dulge no further Delays, nor admit any Excuſe whate

N. B. The Debitors and Purchaſers are to expect more, or other Advertiſements from the Truſtees, w will proceed to Diligence againſt all Deficients im diately after the 9th of June next.

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